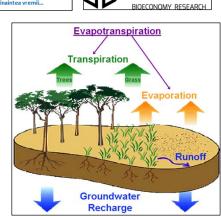
IRIDA

Innovative Remote and ground sensors, data and tools Into a Decision support system for Agriculture water management



There are still uncertainties in correctly determining the components of the water balance and particularly evapotranspiration (ET) in order to: -improve irrigation efficiency

-determine the ecosystem water balance for better prediction of runoff soil erosion, and nutrients leaching to the environment.



RRI-IRID

WB-IRIDA

The IRIDA solution

Developing and validating procedures for determining ET and soil and plant water status to be incorporated into a Decision Support System (DSS) to provide end-users with recommendations for:

- 1) on-farm irrigation scheduling in semi-arid and humid regions
- of Southern and Northern Europe.

2) farming practices and catchment scale water management for the humid Northern Europe agriculture-forestry areas







Southern Europe (citrus and peach orchards and irrigation districts)



ON-THE GROUND

Soil moisture (3D ERT)

OFF-THE GROUND

MODELLING

Input data

Eastern Europe (Cereal crops)



se on-farm ET

Advice on irrigatio Weather forecasts

Crop yield

ET and cate

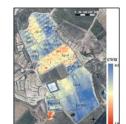
off, soil

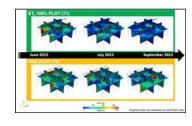
SUPPORT

DECISION

MAKING

Northen Europe (Agro-forestry systems)





Expected results

- A low-cost sap flow sensor equipped with a single thermocouple per gauge able to continuously determine the water status of stand trees
- Innovative procedures for determining soil moisture temporal dynamics using minimally invasive 3D micro-electrical and geophysical Electrical Resistivity Tomography (ERT).
- Procedures for mapping the spatial variability of water status and irrigation needs by using highresolution thermal and hyperspectral imagery to detect representative locations for on-the ground sensors installation.
- Relations between continuous on-the ground ET measurements and actual ET obtained by SEBAL model and triangle method from thermal and hyperspectral images
- A DSS able to: 1) deliver recommendations for on-farm irrigation scheduling, 2) determine and visualize ET from the plot to the catchment scale to estimate potential soil erosion and nutrient pollution risks.

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